



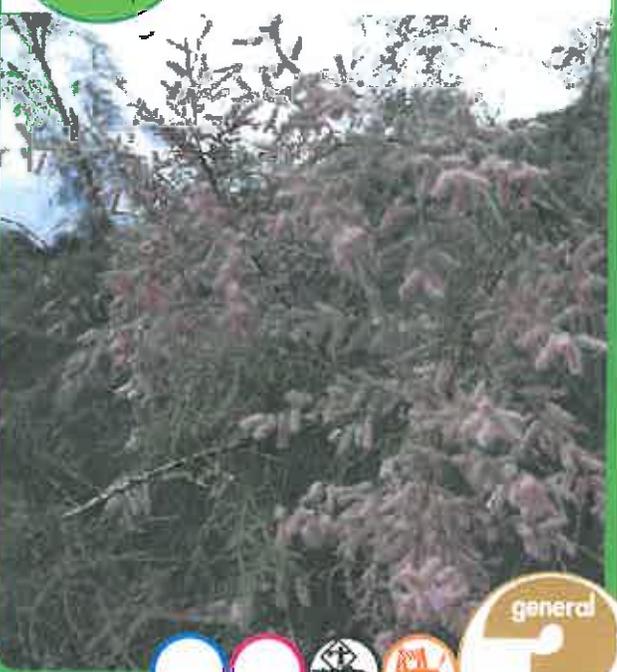
### Tamarisk Executive Order



05-0010-11



### Tamarisk Executive Order



05-0010-11



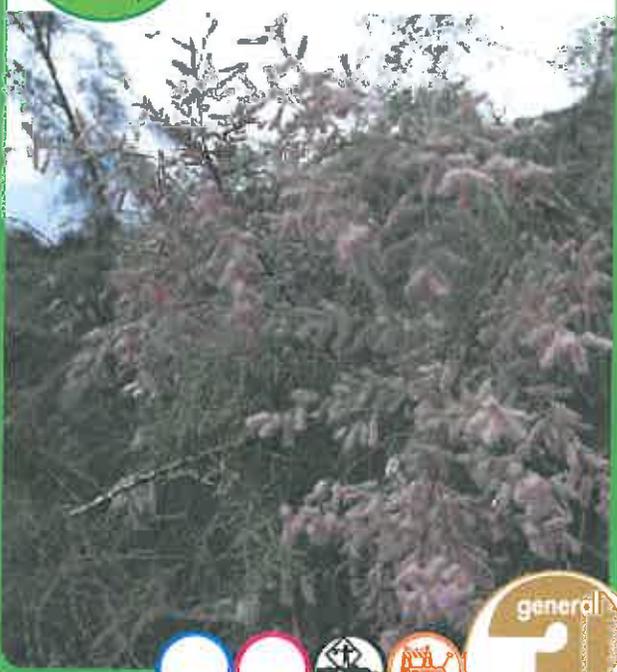
### Tamarisk Executive Order



05-0010-11



### Tamarisk Executive Order



05-0010-11

## **Tamarisk Executive Order**

“The most destructive non-native species in Colorado is the tamarisk plant, also known as saltcedar,” according to the Governor’s 2003 Executive Order that directed State agencies to coordinate efforts for the eradication of this plant on State lands.

Tamarisk is an aggressive, rapidly spreading species originally from Africa and is well adapted for arid climates. This plant degrades riparian habitat by: consuming a large amount of water; increasing stream salinity; not providing a good food source for insects or wildlife; and crowding out native vegetation.

Federal Executive Order: 13112  
State Law: CRS 35-5.5  
Colorado Executive Order: D 006 99  
D 002 03

## **Tamarisk Executive Order**

“The most destructive non-native species in Colorado is the tamarisk plant, also known as saltcedar,” according to the Governor’s 2003 Executive Order that directed State agencies to coordinate efforts for the eradication of this plant on State lands.

Tamarisk is an aggressive, rapidly spreading species originally from Africa and is well adapted for arid climates. This plant degrades riparian habitat by: consuming a large amount of water; increasing stream salinity; not providing a good food source for insects or wildlife; and crowding out native vegetation.

Federal Executive Order: 13112  
State Law: CRS 35-5.5  
Colorado Executive Order: D 006 99  
D 002 03

## **Tamarisk Executive Order**

“The most destructive non-native species in Colorado is the tamarisk plant, also known as saltcedar,” according to the Governor’s 2003 Executive Order that directed State agencies to coordinate efforts for the eradication of this plant on State lands.

Tamarisk is an aggressive, rapidly spreading species originally from Africa and is well adapted for arid climates. This plant degrades riparian habitat by: consuming a large amount of water; increasing stream salinity; not providing a good food source for insects or wildlife; and crowding out native vegetation.

Federal Executive Order: 13112  
State Law: CRS 35-5.5  
Colorado Executive Order: D 006 99  
D 002 03

## **Tamarisk Executive Order**

“The most destructive non-native species in Colorado is the tamarisk plant, also known as saltcedar,” according to the Governor’s 2003 Executive Order that directed State agencies to coordinate efforts for the eradication of this plant on State lands.

Tamarisk is an aggressive, rapidly spreading species originally from Africa and is well adapted for arid climates. This plant degrades riparian habitat by: consuming a large amount of water; increasing stream salinity; not providing a good food source for insects or wildlife; and crowding out native vegetation.

Federal Executive Order: 13112  
State Law: CRS 35-5.5  
Colorado Executive Order: D 006 99  
D 002 03