Wildlife Crossing Zones

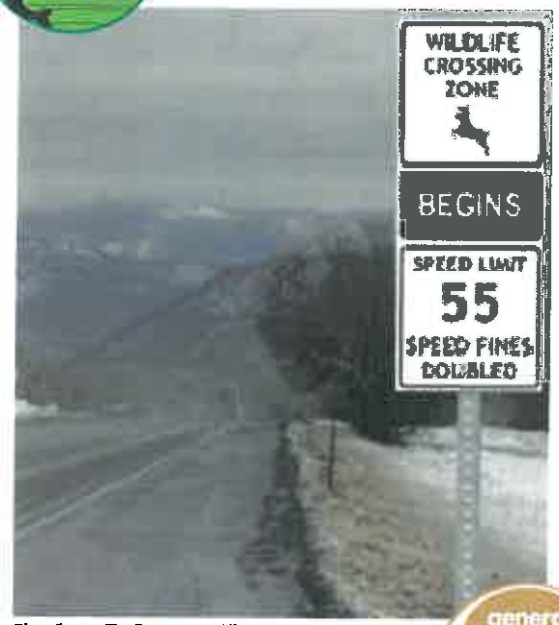

Photo Source: The Conservation Alliance

03-0020-11

Wildlife Crossing Zones

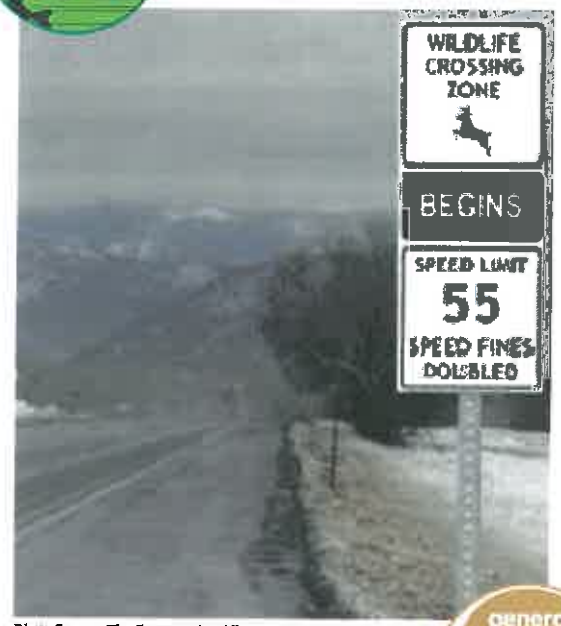

Photo Source: The Conservation Alliance

03-0020-11

Wildlife Crossing Zones

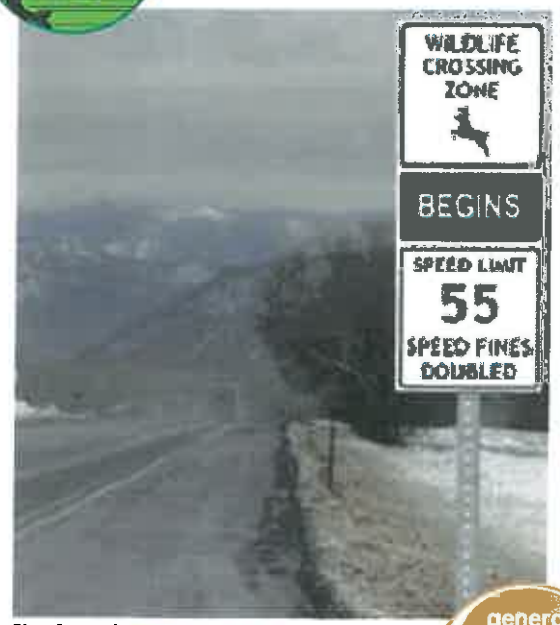

Photo Source: The Conservation Alliance

03-0020-11

Wildlife Crossing Zones

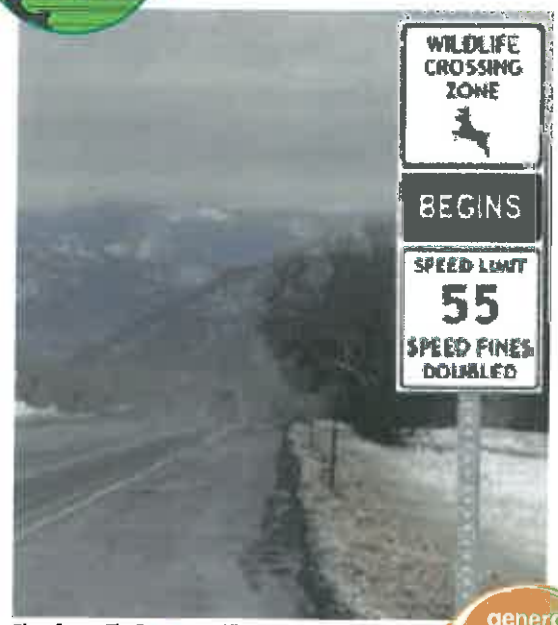

Photo Source: The Conservation Alliance

03-0020-11

Wildlife Crossing Zones

Legislation enacted by the State of Colorado in 2010 authorized the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) to establish up to 100 miles of State Highway as wildlife crossing zones, where special enforcement may occur. Within these zones, posted speed limits of 60 or 65 miles per hour may be reduced to 55 mph at night. The legislation also establishes higher fines for motorists who commit traffic violations (especially speeding) in these zones.

CDOT routinely installs warning signs at highway locations that have five or more wildlife-vehicle collisions per year. Unfortunately, many motorists fail to heed these warnings, which results in death and injury to animals and motorists alike. The reduced speed limits and increased penalties in House Bill 1238 are intended to improve safety in high-risk crossing areas.

Wildlife Crossing Zones

Legislation enacted by the State of Colorado in 2010 authorized the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) to establish up to 100 miles of State Highway as wildlife crossing zones, where special enforcement may occur. Within these zones, posted speed limits of 60 or 65 miles per hour may be reduced to 55 mph at night. The legislation also establishes higher fines for motorists who commit traffic violations (especially speeding) in these zones.

CDOT routinely installs warning signs at highway locations that have five or more wildlife-vehicle collisions per year. Unfortunately, many motorists fail to heed these warnings, which results in death and injury to animals and motorists alike. The reduced speed limits and increased penalties in House Bill 1238 are intended to improve safety in high-risk crossing areas.

Wildlife Crossing Zones

Legislation enacted by the State of Colorado in 2010 authorized the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) to establish up to 100 miles of State Highway as wildlife crossing zones, where special enforcement may occur. Within these zones, posted speed limits of 60 or 65 miles per hour may be reduced to 55 mph at night. The legislation also establishes higher fines for motorists who commit traffic violations (especially speeding) in these zones.

CDOT routinely installs warning signs at highway locations that have five or more wildlife-vehicle collisions per year. Unfortunately, many motorists fail to heed these warnings, which results in death and injury to animals and motorists alike. The reduced speed limits and increased penalties in House Bill 1238 are intended to improve safety in high-risk crossing areas.

Wildlife Crossing Zones

Legislation enacted by the State of Colorado in 2010 authorized the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) to establish up to 100 miles of State Highway as wildlife crossing zones, where special enforcement may occur. Within these zones, posted speed limits of 60 or 65 miles per hour may be reduced to 55 mph at night. The legislation also establishes higher fines for motorists who commit traffic violations (especially speeding) in these zones.

CDOT routinely installs warning signs at highway locations that have five or more wildlife-vehicle collisions per year. Unfortunately, many motorists fail to heed these warnings, which results in death and injury to animals and motorists alike. The reduced speed limits and increased penalties in House Bill 1238 are intended to improve safety in high-risk crossing areas.